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**Crystal Data:** Orthorhombic. *Point Group:* 2/m 2/m 2/m or mm2. As fine hairlike fibers, to 2 mm, in roughly radial aggregates, veinlets, and incrustations.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: One,  $\parallel$  elongation, possible. Hardness =  $\sim$ 2 D(meas.) = 3.25(1) D(calc.) = 3.242 Radioactive; fluoresces patchy green under SW and LW UV.

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color*: Pale lemon-yellow; very pale yellow in transmitted light.

Optical Class: Biaxial (+). Pleochroism: X = Y = colorless; Z = pale yellow. Orientation: Z = c. Dispersion: r < v.  $\alpha = 1.536(5)$   $\beta = 1.559(5)$   $\gamma = 1.697(5)$   $2V(\text{meas.}) = 25^{\circ}-30^{\circ}$ 

**Cell Data:** Space Group: Pmmm or  $Pmn2_1$ . a = 11.220(15) b = 19.252(16) c = 4.933(16) Z = 4

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Lucky Mc mine, Wyoming, USA. 9.66 (100), 4.848 (50), 5.591 (35), 3.651 (35), 4.407 (25), 7.33 (18), 2.947 (13)

## Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
$CO_2$	16.9	16.92
$UO_3$	53.9	54.98
CaO	10.3	10.78
$\mathrm{H_2O^+}$	12.3	
$H_2^-O^-$	6.6	
$\mathrm{H_2O}$		17.32
Total	[100.0]	100.00

(1) Lucky Mc mine, Wyoming, USA; CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O by CHN analyzer; recalculated to 100.0% after deduction of R<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 1.0%, Na<sub>2</sub>O 0.4%, K<sub>2</sub>O 0.2%, SiO<sub>2</sub> + insoluble 0.5% from an original total of 100.2%; corresponds to Ca<sub>1.00</sub>(UO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1.03</sub>(CO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2.09</sub> • 3.72H<sub>2</sub>O. (2) Ca(UO<sub>2</sub>)(CO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> • 5H<sub>2</sub>O.

**Occurrence:** A rare weathering product of uranium ores, formed at low pH in the presence of oxidizing pyrite.

**Association:** Metazellerite, gypsum, "limonite", iron sulfides, schoepite, meta-autunite, uranophane, "opal".

**Distribution:** In the USA, from the Lucky Mc mine, Wind River Basin, Fremont Co., and the Pat No. 8 mine, Powder River Basin, Converse Co., Wyoming; in the White Canyon No. 1 mine, Frey Point, San Juan Co., Utah; at the Alta mine, Ambrosia Lake district, and Westwater Canyon, McKinley Co., New Mexico. In the Hatrurim Formation, Israel. From Jáchymov (Joachimsthal), Czech Republic.

Name: To honor Howard Davis Zeller (1922–), geologist with the U.S. Geological Survey, who discovered the mineral.

Type Material: National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 112827.

**References:** (1) Coleman, R.G., D.R. Ross, and R. Meyrowitz (1966) Zellerite and metazellerite, new uranyl carbonates. Amer. Mineral., 51, 1567–1578.