©2001 Mineral Data Publishing, version 1.2

Crystal Data: Hexagonal. Point Group: 3m. Equant but distorted prisms, terminated by trigonal pyramids, in subparallel aggregates, to several mm.

Physical Properties: Fracture: Uneven to conchoidal. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness = \sim 7 D(meas.) = 3.26(3) D(calc.) = 3.33

Optical Properties: Nearly opaque. *Color:* Black. *Streak:* Brown. *Luster:* Resinous, more or less splendent.

Optical Class: Uniaxial (–). Pleochroism: Strong; O = yellow-brown, dark brown, brown-black; E = dark red-brown, light brown. $\omega = 1.800-1.820$ $\epsilon = 1.743-1.751$

Cell Data: Space Group: R3m. a = 16.186(2) c = 7.444(1) Z = 3

X-ray Powder Pattern: San Francisco mine, Bolivia. 2.63 (10), 6.63 (9), 4.05 (9), 3.05 (9), 3.61 (8), 5.13 (7), 4.71 (7)

Chemistry:

	(1)
SiO_2	30.7
${ m TiO}_2$	0.0
$\mathrm{B_2O_3}$	[9.0]
$\mathrm{Al_2O_3}$	1.4
Fe_2O_3	45.0
V_2O_3	trace
FeO	1.7
MgO	6.5
K_2O	1.0
$\overline{\text{Na}_2}\text{O}$	2.1
$\mathrm{H_2O}$	[2.4]
Total	[99.8]

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{(1) San Francisco mine, Bolivia; by electron microprobe, } Fe^{2+}:Fe^{3+} \text{ and } B_2O_3 \text{ calculated} \\ \text{from stoichiometry, } H_2O \text{ from charge balance; corresponds to } (\text{Na}_{0.80}\text{K}_{0.26})_{\Sigma=1.06} \\ (\text{Fe}^{3+}_{2.28}\text{Mg}_{0.53}\text{Fe}^{2+}_{0.27})_{\Sigma=3.08}(\text{Fe}^{3+}_{4.29}\text{Mg}_{1.36}\text{Al}_{0.32})_{\Sigma=5.97}(\text{BO}_3)_3\text{Si}_{5.96}O_{18}[(\text{OH})_{3.12}O_{0.99}]_{\Sigma=4.00}. \end{array}$

Mineral Group: Tourmaline group.

Occurrence: Very rare, in fractures and lining cavities in schist metamorphosed from sedimentary rocks.

Association: Quartz, potassic feldspar, muscovite, schorl, riebeckite, magnesite.

Distribution: In the San Francisco mine, near Villa Tunari, Alto Chapare, Cochabamba, Bolivia.

Name: For Dr. Pavel Povondra, Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic, in recognition of work on the chemistry of the tourmaline group.

Type Material: Royal Ontario Museum, Toronto, Canada, M35899; National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 144478.

References: (1) Grice, J.D., T.S. Ercit, and F.C. Hawthorne (1993) Povondraite, a redefinition of the tourmaline ferridravite. Amer. Mineral., 78, 433–436. (2) Walenta, K. and P.J. Dunn (1979) Ferridravite, a new mineral of the tourmaline group from Bolivia. Amer. Mineral., 64, 945–948.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise without the prior written permission of Mineral Data Publishing.