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Crystal Data: Monoclinic. Point Group: 2/m. Crystals tabular on $\{010\}$, or elongated $\parallel [100]$, to 2 m; some faces may be striated. Commonly foliated cleavable, massive. Twinning: Common on $\{001\}$, lamellar.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Perfect on $\{001\}$, poor on $\{201\}$; $(001) \land (201) = 38.5^{\circ}$. Fracture: Imperfectly conchoidal. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness = 6.5 D(meas.) = 2.412-2.422 D(calc.) = [2.40] Thermoluminescent.

Optical Properties: Transparent to translucent. *Color:* Colorless, white, gray, rarely reddish or greenish; colorless in thin section. *Streak:* White. *Luster:* Vitreous, pearly on $\{001\}$. *Optical Class:* Biaxial (+). *Orientation:* Z = b; $X \wedge a = -2^{\circ}$ to -8° . *Dispersion:* r > v, weak, crossed. $\alpha = 1.504-1.507$ $\beta = 1.510-1.513$ $\gamma = 1.516-1.523$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 82^{\circ}-84^{\circ}$

Cell Data: Space Group: P2/a. a = 11.737 b = 5.171 c = 7.630 $\beta = 112.54^{\circ}$ Z = 2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Harare, Zimbabwe (Salisbury, Rhodesia) (?). (ICDD 14-90). 3.731 (100), 3.672 (34) 3.649 (24), 3.510 (16), 1.934 (7), 2.570 (6), 2.071 (5)

Chemistry:

	(1)
SiO_2	77.80
$\mathrm{Al_2O_3}$	16.41
$\mathrm{Fe_2O_3}$	0.008
MgO	0.038
CaO	0.018
Li_2O	4.45
$\overline{\mathrm{Na_2O}}$	0.048
$K_2\bar{O}$	0.076
$H_2^-O^-$	0.08
LŌI	0.43
Total	99.358

(1) Rubicon pegmatite, Namibia; Si and Al by XRF, other elements by AA, loss on ignition taken as $\rm H_2O^+$; corresponds to $\rm Li_{0.92}Al_{0.99}Si_{3.99}O_{10}$.

Occurrence: In granite pegmatites, locally constituting an ore of lithium.

Association: Spodumene, pollucite, lepidolite, tourmaline, topaz, albite, microcline, quartz.

Distribution: On the Island of Utö, and in the Varuträsk pegmatite, 15 km northwest of Skellefteå, Västerbotten, Sweden. Around San Piero in Campo, Elba, Italy. From Hirvikallio, Tammela, and Pajula, Finland. From the Rubicon pegmatite, south of Karibib, Namibia. At Bikita, Zimbabwe. In the USA, at Peru, Oxford Co., Maine; from Bolton, Worcester Co., Massachusetts; in California, on Queen and Hiriart Mountains, Pala, and in the Clark vein at Rincon, San Diego Co. In the Tanco pegmatite, Bernic Lake, Manitoba, Canada. In Brazil, from Minas Gerais, in the Maxixe, Lavra Velha, and Lavra do Genipapo pegmatites, near Araçuaí, and in the Taquaral mine, Itinga. In the Londonderry quarry, Coolgardie, Western Australia. At Nagatareyama, Fukuoka Prefecture, Japan. Additional minor localities are known.

Name: From the Greek for leaf, in allusion to its perfect basal cleavage.

Type Material: Mining Academy, Freiberg, Germany, 26512.

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