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Crystal Data: Hexagonal. *Point Group:* 3, 32, 3m, $\overline{6}$, or $\overline{6}2m$. As columnar prismatic crystals, to 0.05 mm, and as radial aggregates, in crusts, and massive.

Physical Properties: Fracture: Conchoidal. Hardness = \sim 2 D(meas.) = 3.18(5) D(calc.) = 3.25

Optical Properties: Transparent to translucent. *Color:* Blue-green. *Streak:* Pale blue. *Luster:* Vitreous.

Optical Class: Uniaxial (–); may be weakly biaxial (–). Pleochroism: E = colorless; O = light blue-green. $\omega = 1.672(2)$ $\epsilon = 1.644(2)$

Cell Data: Space Group: P3, P312, P321, P3m1, P31m, $P\overline{6}$, $P\overline{6}m2$, or $P\overline{6}2m$. a=9.20 c=9.73 Z=1

X-ray Powder Pattern: Clara mine, Germany. 4.89 (10), 2.33 (9), 4.17 (8), 1.793 (8), 2.65 (7), 3.35 (5), 1.388 (5)

Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
$\mathrm{Sb_2O_5}$	36.8	34.57
Al_2O_3	10.4	10.90
CuO	32.0	34.00
${\rm H_2O^+}$	20.8	20.53
Total	[100.0]	100.00

(1) Clara mine, Germany; H₂O by TGA, after deduction of quartz and barite 9.9%, corresponds to $\text{Cu}_{5.62}\text{Al}_{2.85}\text{Sb}_{3.18}\text{O}_{18} \bullet 16.14\text{H}_2\text{O}$. (2) $\text{Cu}_6\text{Al}_3\text{Sb}_3^{5+}\text{O}_{18} \bullet 16\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

Occurrence: A secondary mineral from oxidation of a hydrothermal polymetallic barite–fluorite deposit.

Association: Cornwallite, arsenogoyazite, goethite, barite, fluorite, quartz.

Distribution: In the Clara mine, near Oberwolfach, Black Forest, Germany.

Name: From the chemical symbols of the mineral's major components, copper (CUprum), ALuminum, and antimony (STIBium).

Type Material: Institute for Mineralogy and Petrography, University of Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany.

References: (1) Walenta, K. (1984) Cualstibit, ein neues Sekundärmineral aus der Grube Clara im mittleren Schwarzwald (BRD). Chem. Erde, 43, 255–260 (in German with English abs.). (2) (1985) Amer. Mineral., 70, 1329 (abs. ref. 1).